

Java Program Performance Tuning

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 HotSpot VM javac



 String StringBuffer



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n



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...



가



가?

가

가 ?



API 가





가

(=)
(8:2)



(bottleneck)

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가

n (Primes0)

```
static List primes(int n)
{
    List primes = new ArrayList(n);
outer:
    for (int candidate = 2; n > 0; candidate++) {
        Iterator iter = primes.iterator();
        while (iter.hasNext()) {
            int aprime = ((Integer)iter.next()).intValue();
            if (candidate%aprime == 0)
                continue outer;
        }
        primes.add(new Integer(candidate)); n--;
    }
    return primes;
}
```



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 System.currentTimeMillis()

```
 long startTime = System.currentTimeMillis();  
 //...  
 long duration = System.currentTimeMillis() - startTime;
```

 java Primes0 count

```
 count ? 100: 0 ms  
 count = 1,000: 170 ms  
 count = 10,000: 15,320 ms  
 count = 100,000: 5,850,320 ms
```



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가



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가java **-verbosegc** ...java -verbosegc Primes0 10000 [GC 511K->158K(1984K), 0.0061533 secs] [GC 670K->190K(1984K), 0.0030096 secs] [GC 702K->220K(1984K), 0.0023509 secs] [GC 732K->249K(1984K), 0.0040178 secs] [GC 761K->278K(1984K), 0.0033440 secs] ...



Object

가

 java -Xbootclasspath/p:object.jar Primes0 10000

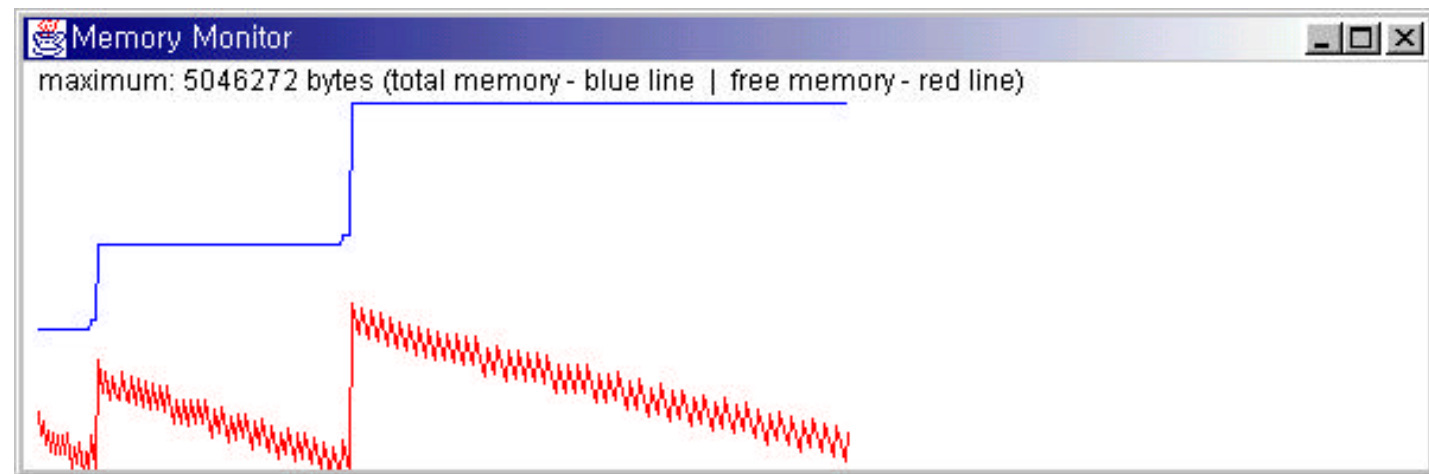
 java.lang.Integer 10,000

 java.util.ArrayList 1

 java.util.AbstractList\$Itr 104,728



 Runtime totalMemory(), freeMemory()



가

 java **-Xrunhprof:cpu=samples** ...



 CPU SAMPLES BEGIN (total = 659) Sun Jan 20 20:23:05 2002

 rank	self	accum	count	trace	method
 1	49.01%	49.01%	323	13	Primes0.primes
 2	21.55%	70.56%	142	12	java.util.AbstractList\$Itr.next
 3	7.74%	78.30%	51	11	java.util.ArrayList.get
 4	7.44%	85.74%	49	14	Primes0.primes
 5	7.28%	93.02%	48	9	Primes0.primes
 6	4.55%	97.57%	30	15	java.util.AbstractList\$Itr.hasNext
 7	1.06%	98.63%	7	10	java.util.AbstractList.iterator
 8	0.15%	98.79%	1	16	Primes0.primes

 ...



2

가

70%

 TRACE 13

 //while (iter.hasNext()) ...
 Primes0.primes(Primes0.java:22)
 Primes0.main(Primes0.java:9)

 TRACE 12

 //int aprime = ((Integer)iter.next()).intValue();
 java.util.AbstractList\$Itr.next(<Unknown>:Unknown line)
 Primes0.primes(Primes0.java:23)
 Primes0.main(Primes0.java:9)



가



가

 Primes0



while



 Primes0



 if (aprim~~e~~*aprim~~e~~ > candidate) break;

 [Not if (aprim~~e~~ > (int)Math.sqrt(candidate)) break;]



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가

```
static List primes(int n)
{
    List primes = new ArrayList(n);
outer:
    for (int candidate = 2; n > 0; candidate++) {
        Iterator iter = primes.iterator();
        while (iter.hasNext()) {
            int aprime = ((Integer)iter.next()).intValue();
            //Applying better algorithm
            if (aprime*aprime > candidate) break;
            if (candidate % k == 0)
                continue outer;
        }
        primes.add(new Integer(candidate)); n--;
    }
    return primes;
}
```



(java Primes1 *count*)

count ? 100: 0 ms (vs. 0 ms)

count = 1,000: 50 ms (vs. 170 ms)

count = 10,000: 220 ms (vs. 15,320 ms)

count = 100,000: 4,450 ms (vs. 5,850,320 ms)



Primes0

Integer, Iterator(Itr)



가



(

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(adaptive optimization)



JIT



JIT

 javac가

 String

 final (=)

 가 :

 “ ”



 HotSpot VM

 -O



가



가 가 !





(strength reduction)

: 0

for (int i = 0; i < size; i++) ...
 for (int i = size-1; i >= 0; i--) ...



(code motion)

: l List l.size()가
 for (int i = 0; i < l.size(); i++) ...
 for (int i = 0, lsize = l.size(); i < lsize; i++) ...



```
int max_a = 100;      → final int max_a = 100;  
int max_b = 200;      → final int max_b = 200;  
for (int i = arr.length-1; i >= 0; i--)  
    arr[i] = max_a + max_b;  
final                arr[i] = max_a + max_b;  
arr[i] = 300;
```



```
class Poor {  
    int field = 0;  
    public Poor() { field = 0; }  
}
```

//field is initialized 3 times!

```
data = new int[items];  
for (int i = 0; i < items; i++)  
    data[i] = 0; //redundant initialization
```



MyData data[];

...

data[m+n].doit(a+1);

data[m+n].doit(a+2);

➔ MyData dmn = data[m+n];

dmn.doit(a+1);

dmn.doit(a+2);

➔ data[m+n].doit(a+1)

.doit(a+2);



 **ArrayList.get(int index)**

 `rangeCheck(index);`

 `return elementData[index];` //redundant check

 **ArrayList.rangeCheck(int index)**

 `if (index >= size || index < 0) //check once`

 `throw new IndexOutOfBoundsException(...);`

 `...`





API

 new Integer("100").intValue()
  Integer.parseInt("100") //



가



/





String StringBuffer

29



!



String str = "Hello " + "world!";

String str = "Hello world!"; //

가



!



가



String StringBuffer ()



~~String str = a + b; //~~ 가

~~String str = new StringBuffer().~~
~~append(a).append(b).toString();~~



String str = "";		StringBuffer sbuf =
for (...)		new StringBuffer("");
str += ...;	→	for (...)
		sbuf.append(...);
		String str = sbuf.toString();



~~StringBuffer~~



String StringBuffer

31

 0;1;2...;n



(ms)

n \	<=100	1,000	10,000	100,000
String	0	280	26,530	6,833,940
StringBuffer	0	50	110	1,150



 String: $3*n + ?$ vs. StringBuffer: $n + ?$



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- 가

2002





fillInStackTrace()



가

if (...)

throw new Exception(...);

if (...)

throw new Exception(...);

→ Exception EXCEPTION =
new Exception(...);
if (...) throw EXCEPTION;
if (...) throw EXCEPTION;





```
((HasXYZ)obj).x + ((HasXYZ)obj).y + ((HasXYZ)obj).z  
→ HasXYZ xyz = (HasXYZ)obj;  
xyz.x + xyz.y + xyz.z
```





가

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null

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가



```
for (int i = 0; i < REPEAT; i++) counts[0] += i;  
➡ int acount = counts[0];  
   for (int i = 0; i < REPEAT; i++) acount += i;  
   counts[0] = acount;
```



~~ArrayList/Vector/Stack, Hashtable, StringBuffer~~
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(Collection.toArray())



HashMap	ArrayList
Hashtable	Vector



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ArrayList/HashMap

Vector/Hashtable



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가 가
(program partitioning)



0

null



javac -g:none



shrinker ,



obfuscator

가

```
//Using specialized collection
static intList primes(int n)
{
    intList primes = new intList(n);
outer:
    for (int candidate = 2; n > 0; candidate++) {
        final int size = primes.size();
        //Indexing r.t. Enumeration
        for (int i = 0; i < size; i++) {
            int aprime = primes.get(i); //No cast
            if (aprime * aprime > candidate) break;
            if (candidate % k == 0) continue outer;
        }
        primes.add(candidate); //No object creation
        n--;
    }
    return primes;
}
```

```
class intList
{
    private int[] data;
    private int size, capacity;

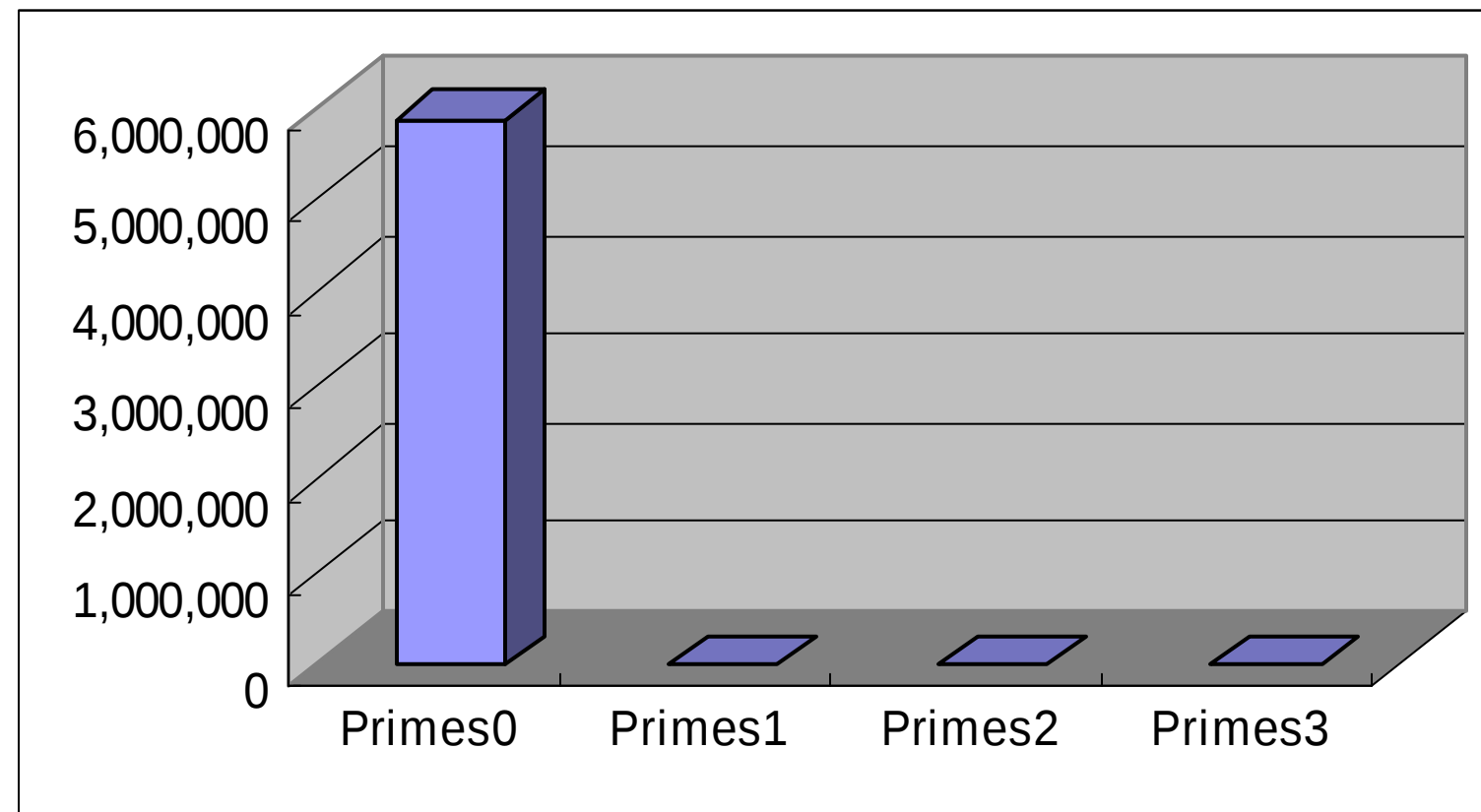
    public intList(int capacity) {
        data = new int[capacity]; this.capacity = capacity;
    }
    public int get(int index) {
        //No redundant checks, no cast
        return data[index];
    }
    public int size() { return size; }
    public void add(int value) { ...data[size++] = value;... }
}
```

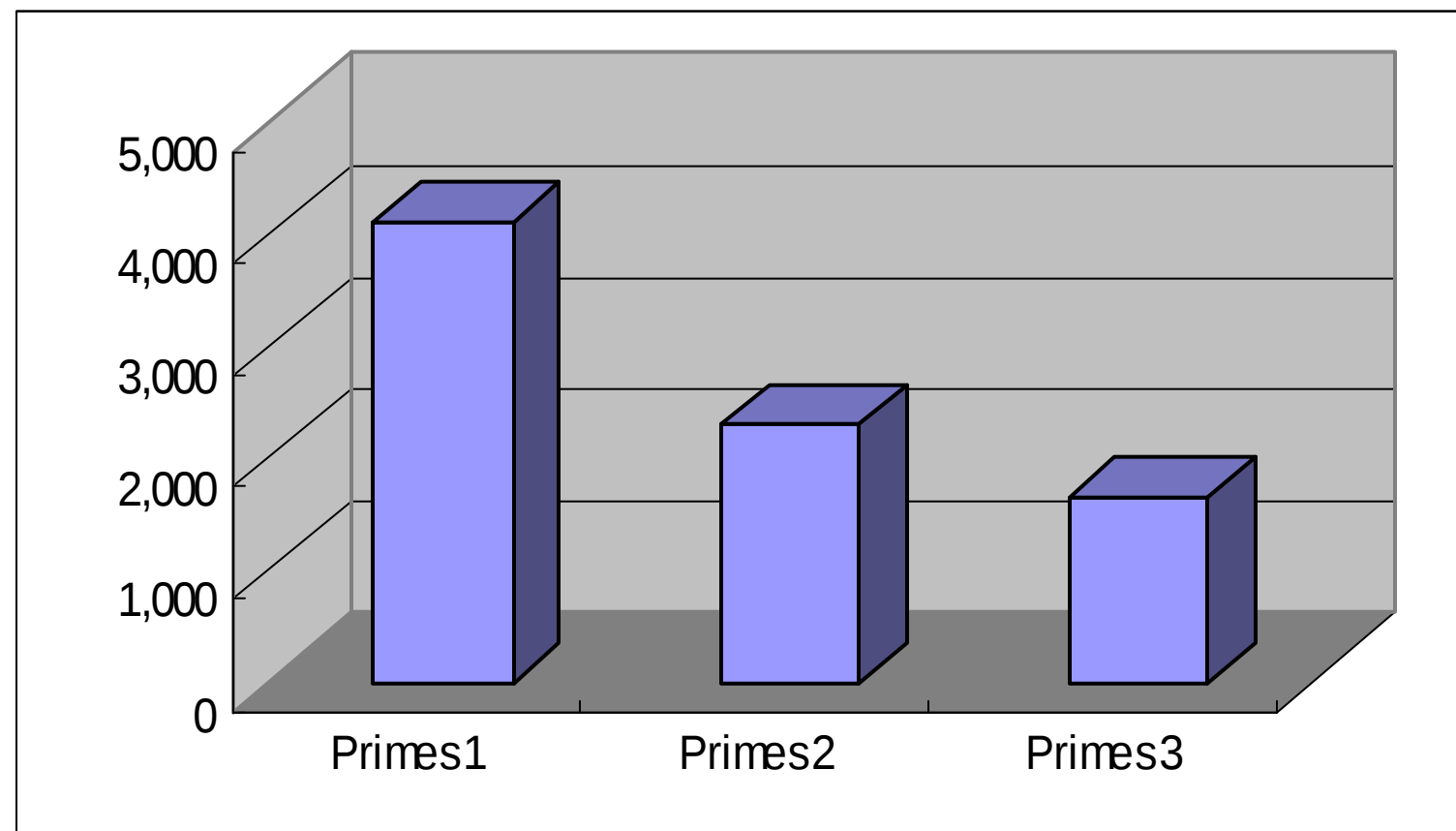
```
//Using array instead of collection
static int[] primes(int n)
{
    int[] primes = new int[n];
    int spot = 0;
outer:
    for (int candidate = 2; n > 0; candidate++) {
        for (int i = 0; i < spot; i++) {
            int k = primes[i]; //No method calls, no indirection
            if (k * k > candidate) break;
            if (candidate % k == 0) continue outer;
        }
        primes[spot++] = candidate; n--;
    }
    return primes;
}
```



Primes0-3 100,000 (ms)

45







Primes0-3

47

 Primes0, Primes1

 java.lang.Integer 100,000

 java.util.ArrayList 1

 java.util.AbstractList\$Itr 1,299,708

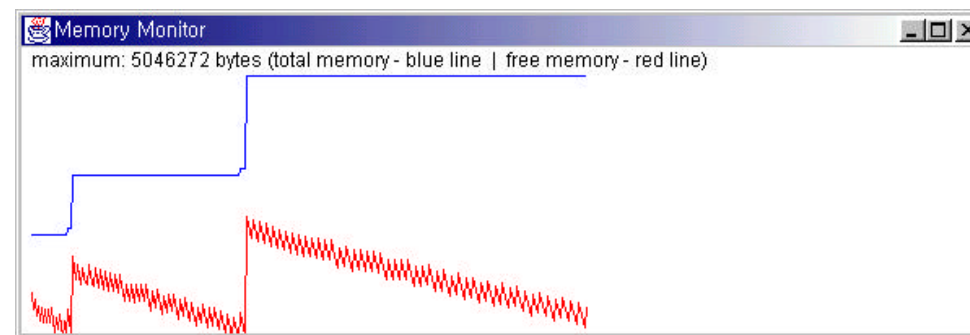
 Primes2

 intList 1

 Primes3

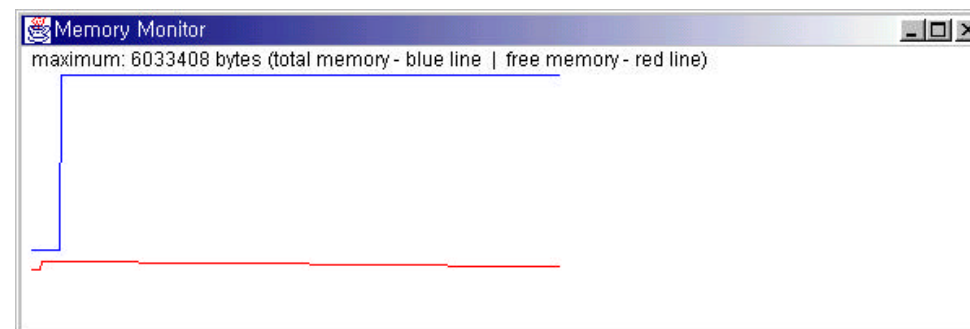
 None! --Hurrah!

✍ Primes0, Primes1



가

✍ Primes2, Primes3





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API



가



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가

가



가

가



(performance engineering)

